NATIONAL UNIVERSITY



Syllabus All Compulsory Subject

Three Year B.S.S. Pass Course

Effective from the Session: 2013–2014

National University

Syllabus for Three Years B.S.S. Pass Course Effective from the Session: 2013-2014

Marks Distribution:

২০১৩-১৪ শিক্ষাবর্ষ থেকে কার্যকর বি এস এস (পাস) কোর্সের বর্ষওয়ারী কোর্স, ক্রেডিট ও নম্বর বন্টন হবে নিম্মরূপঃ

১ম বর্ষ			২য় বৰ্ষ			৩য় বৰ্ষ		
বিষয়	নম্বর	ক্ৰেডিট	বিষয়	নম্বর	ক্ৰেডিট	বিষয়	নম্বর	ক্রেডিট
স্বাধীন বাংলাদেশের অভ্যুদয়ের ইতিহাস	\$ 00	8	বাংলা জাতীয় ভাষা	200	8	ইংরেজি (আবশ্যিক)	200	8
ঐচিহ্নক ৩টি বিষয়ের ১ম পত্র-	\$00×७ = ७००	25	ঐচ্ছিক ৩টি বিষয়ের ৩য় পত্র-	\$00×७ = ७००	25	ঐচ্ছিক ৩টি বিষয়ের ৫ম পত্র-	000 = 0×00¢	24
ঐচ্ছিক ৩টি বিষয়ের ২য় পত্র-	>00×0 = 000	25	ঐচ্ছিক ৩টি বিষয়ের ৪র্থ পত্র-	>00×0 = 000	25	ঐচ্ছিক ৩টি বিষয়ের ৬ষ্ঠ পত্র-	\$00×0 = 000	25
	900	২৮		900	২৮		900	24

সর্বমোট নম্বর (৭০০×৩) = ২১০০, মোট ক্রেডিট - ৮৪।

Detailed Syllabus

Compulsory Subjects

Course Code	111501	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60
Course Title:	History of tl	ne Emergence of Ind	ependent Banglade	esh

শ্বাধীন বাংলাদেশের অভ্যুদয়ের ইতিহাস

ভূমিকা: স্বাধীন বাংলাদেশের অভ্যুদয়ের ইতিহাস-পরিধি ও পরিচিতি

১। দেশ ও জনগোষ্ঠির পরিচয়

- ক) ভূ প্রকৃতির বৈশিষ্ট্য ও প্রভাব
- খ) নৃতাত্ত্বিক গঠন
- গ) ভাষা
- ঘ) সংস্কৃতির সমন্বয়বাদিতা ও ধর্মীয় সহনশীলতা
- ঙ) অভিন্ন বাংলার পরিপ্রেক্ষিতে তৎকালীন পূর্ববঙ্গ ও বর্তমান বাংলাদেশের স্বকীয় সত্তা

২। অখন্ড স্বাধীন বাংলা রাষ্ট্র গঠনের প্রয়াস ও উপমহাদেশের বিভক্তি, ১৯৪৭

- ক) ঔপনিবেশিক শাসন আমলে সাম্প্রদায়িকতার উদ্ভব ও বিস্ডার
- খ) লাহোর প্রস্ডাব, ১৯৪০
- গ) অখন্ড স্বাধীন বাংলা রাষ্ট্র গঠনের উদ্যোগ, ১৯৪৭ ও পরিণতি
- ঘ) পাকিস্ডান সৃষ্টি, ১৯৪৭

৩। পাকিশ্ড়ান: রাষ্ট্রীয় কাঠামো ও বৈষম্য

- ক) কেন্দ্ৰীয় ও প্ৰাদেশিক কাঠামো
- খ) সামরিক ও বেসামরিক আমলাতন্ত্রের প্রভাব

গ) অর্থনৈতিক, সামাজিক ও সাংস্কৃতিক বৈষম্য

৪। ভাষা আন্দোলন ও বাঙালির আত্মপরিচয় প্রতিষ্ঠা

- ক) মুসলিম লীগের শাসন ও গণতান্ত্রিক রাজনীতির সংগ্রাম
- খ) আওয়ামী লীগের প্রতিষ্ঠা, ১৯৪৯
- গ) ভাষা আন্দোলন: পটভূমি ও ঘটনা প্রবাহ
- ঘ) হক-ভাসানী-সোহরাওয়ার্দীর যুক্তফ্রন্ট, ১৯৫৪ সালের নির্বাচন ও পরিণতি

৫। সামরিক শাসন: আইয়ুব খান ও ইয়াহিয়া খানের শাসনামল (১৯৫৮-৭১)

- ক) সামরিক শাসনের সংজ্ঞা ও বৈশিষ্ট্য
- খ) আইয়ুব খানের ক্ষমতা দখল ও শাসনের বৈশিষ্ট্য (রাজনৈতিক নিপীড়ন, মৌলিক গণতন্ত্র, ধর্মের রাজনৈতিক ব্যবহার)
- গ) আইয়ুব খানের পতন ও ইয়াহিয়া খানের শাসন, এক ইউনিট বিলুপ্তিকরণ, সার্বজনীন ভোটাধিকার, এলএফও (Legal Framework Order)

৬। জাতীয়তাবাদের বিকাশ ও স্বাধিকার আন্দোলন

- ক) সাংস্কৃতিক আগ্রাসনের বির—দ্ধে প্রতিরোধ ও বাঙালি সংস্কৃতির উজ্জীবন
- খ) শেখ মুজিবুর রহমানের ৬-দফা আন্দোলন
- গ) ৬-দফা আন্দোলনের প্রতিক্রিয়া, গুর[ে]ত্ব ও তাৎপর্য
- ঘ) আগরতলা মামলা. ১৯৬৮

৭। ১৯৬৯-এর গণঅভ্যুত্থান ও ১১-দফা আন্দোলন

- ক) পটভূমি
- খ) আন্দোলনের কর্মসূচী, গুরুল্তু ও পরিণতি

৮। ১৯৭০ এর নির্বাচন, অসহযোগ আন্দোলন ও বঙ্গবন্ধুর স্বাধীনতা ঘোষণা

- ক) নির্বাচনের ফলাফল এবং তা মেনে নিতে কেন্দ্রের অস্বীকৃতি
- খ) অসহযোগ আন্দোলন, বঙ্গবন্ধুর ৭ই মার্চের ভাষণ, অপারেশন সার্চলাইট
- গ) বঙ্গবন্ধুর স্বাধীনতা ঘোষণা ও গ্রেফতার

৯। মুক্তিযুদ্ধ ১৯৭১

- ক) গণহত্যা, নারী নির্যাতন, শরণার্থী
- খ) বাংলাদেশ সরকার গঠন ও স্বাধীনতার ঘোষণাপত্র
- গ) স্বত:স্কৃৰ্ত প্ৰাথমিক প্ৰতিরোধ ও সংগঠিত প্ৰতিরোধ (মুক্তিফৌজ , মুক্তিবাহিনী , গেরিলা ও সম্মুখ যুদ্ধ)
- ঘ) মুক্তিযুদ্ধে প্রচার মাধ্যম (স্বাধীন বাংলা বেতার কেন্দ্র, বিদেশী প্রচার মাধ্যম ও জনমত গঠন)
- ঙ) ছাত্র, নারী ও সাধারণ মানুষের অবদান (গণযুদ্ধ)
- চ) মুক্তিযুদ্ধে বৃহৎশক্তি ও মুসলিম রাষ্ট্র সমূহের ভূমিকা
- ছ) দখলদার বাহিনী, শান্ডিকমিটি, আলবদর, আলশামস, রাজাকার বাহিনী, রাজনৈতিক দল ও দেশীয় অন্যান্য সহযোগীদের স্বাধীনতাবিরোধী কর্মকান্ড ও বুদ্ধিজীবী হত্যা
- জ) পাকিন্তানে বন্দি অবস্থায় বঙ্গবন্ধুর বিচার ও বিশ্বপ্রতিক্রিয়া
- ঝ) প্রবাসী বাঙালি ও বিশ্বের বিভিন্ন দেশের নাগরিক সমাজের ভূমিকা
- এঃ) মুক্তিযুদ্ধে ভারতের অবদান
- ট) যৌথ বাহিনী গঠন ও বিজয়
- ঠ) স্বাধীনতা সংগ্রামে বঙ্গবন্ধুর নেতৃত্ব এবং অবদান

১০। বঙ্গবন্ধু শেখ মুজিবুর রহমানের শাসনকাল, ১৯৭২-১৯৭৫

- ক) স্বদেশ প্রত্যাবর্তন
- খ) সংবিধান প্রণয়ন
- গ) যুদ্ধ বিধ্বস্তু দেশ পুনর্গঠন

History of the Emergence of Independent Bangladesh

Introduction: Scope and description of the emergence of Independent Bangladesh.

1. Description of the country and its people.

- a. Geographical features and their influence.
- b. Ethnic composition.
- c. Language.
- d. Cultural syncretism and religious tolerance.
- e. Distinctive identity of Bangladesh in the context of undivided Bangladesh.

2. Proposal for undivided sovereign Bengal and the partition of the Sub Continent, 1947.

- a. Rise of communalism under the colonial rule,
- b. Lahore Resolution 1940.
- c. The proposal of Suhrawardi and Sarat Bose for undivided Bengal: consequences
- d. The creation of Pakistan 1947.

3. Pakistan: Structure of the state and disparity.

- a. Central and provincial structure.
- b. Influence of Military and Civil bureaucracy.
- C. Economic, social and cultural disparity

4. Language Movement and quest for Bengali identity

- a. Misrule by Muslim League and Struggle for democratic politics.
- b. Foundation of Awami league, 1949
- c. The Language Movement: context and phases.
- d. United front of Haque Vasani Suhrawardi: election of 1954, consequences.

5. Military rule: the regimes of Ayub Khan and Yahia Khan (1958-1971)

- a. Definition of military rules and its characteristics.
- b. Ayub Khan's rise to power and characteristics of his rule (Political repression, Basic democracy, Islamisation)
- c. Fall of Ayub Khan and Yahia Khan's rule (Abolition of one unit, universal suffrage, the Legal Framework Order)

6. Rise of nationalism and the Movement for self determination.

- a. Resistance against cultura l aggression and resurgence of Bengali culture.
- b. The six point movement of Sheikh Mujibur Rahman
- c. Reactions; Importance and significance of the six Point movement.
- d. The Agortola Case1968.

7. The mass-upsurge of 1969 and 11 point movement:

a. background

b. programme significance and consequences.

8. Election of 1970 Non-cooperation movement of March 1971 and the Declaration of Independence by Bangobondhu

- a. Election result and centres refusal to comply
- b. The non co-operation movement, the 7th March Address of Bangobondhu, Operation Searchlight
- c. Declaration of Independence by Bangobondhu and his arrest

9. The war of Liberation 1971

- a. Genocide, repression of women, refugees
- b. Formation of Bangladesh government and proclamation of Independence
- c. The spontaneous early resistance and subsequent organized resistance (Mukti Fouz, Mukti Bahini, guerillas and the frontal warfare)
- d. Publicity Campaign in the war of Liberation (Shadhin Bangla Betar Kendra, the Campaigns abroad and formation of public opinion)
- e. Contribution of students, women and the masses (Peoples war)
- f. The role of super powers and the Muslim states in the Liberation war.
- g. The Anti-liberation activities of the occupation army, the Peace Committee, Al-Badar, Al-Shams, Rajakars, pro Pakistan political parties and Pakistani Collaborators, killing of the intellectuals.
- h. Trial of Bangabondhu and reaction of the World Community.
- i. The contribution of India in the Liberation War
- j. Formation of joint command and the Victory
- k. The overall contribution of Bangabondhu and his leadership in the Independence struggle.

10. The Bangabondhu Regime 1972-1975

- a. Homecoming
- b. Making of the constitution
- Reconstruction of the war ravaged country
- d. The murder of Bangabondhu and his family and the ideological turn-around.

সহায়ক গ্ৰন্থ

- ১. নীহার রঞ্জন রায়, *বাঙালীর ইতিহাস*, দে' জ পাবলিশিং, কলকাতা ১৪০২ সাল।
- ২. সালাহ্ উদ্দিন আহমেদ ও অন্যান্য (সম্পাদিত), বাংলাদেশের মুক্তি সংগ্রামের ইতিহাস ১৯৪৭-১৯৭১, আগামী প্রকাশনী, ঢাকা ২০০২।
- ৩. সিরাজুল ইসলাম (সম্পাদিত), *বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস ১৭০৪-১৯৭১*, ৩ খন্ড, এশিয়াটিক সোসাইটি অব বাংলাদেশ, ঢাকা ১৯৯২।
- 8. ড. হার[—]ন-অর-রশিদ , *বাংলাদেশ: রাজনীতি , সরকার ও শাসনতান্ত্রিক উন্নয়ন ১৭৫৭-২০০০* , নিউ এজ পাবলিকেশস , ঢাকা ২০০১।
- ৫. ড. হার^ভন-অর-রশিদ , *বাঙালির রাষ্ট্রচিন্দৃ ও স্বাধীন বাংলাদেশের অভ্যুদয়* , আগামী প্রকাশনী , ঢাকা ২০০৩।

- ৬. ড. হার[—]ন-অর-রশিদ , *বঙ্গবন্ধুর অসমাপ্ত আত্মজীবনী পুনর্পাঠ* . দি ইউনিভার্সিটি প্রেস লিমিটেড . ঢাকা ২০১৩।
- ৭. ড. আতফুল হাই শিবলী ও ড.মোঃ মাহবুবর রহমান, বাংলাদেশের সাংবিধানিক ইতিহাস ১৭৭৩-১৯৭২, সূবর্ণ প্রকাশন, ঢাকা ২০১৩।
- ৮. মুনতাসির মামুন ও জয়ন্ত কুমার রায়, বাংলাদেশের সিভিল সমাজ প্রতিষ্ঠার সংগ্রাম, অবসর, ঢাকা ২০০৬।
- ৯. আতিউর রহমান, *অসহযোগ আন্দোলনের দিনগুলি: মুক্তিযুদ্ধের প্রস্তুতি পর্ব*, সাহিত্য প্রকাশ, ঢাকা ১৯৯৮।
- ১০. ড. মোঃ মাহবুবর রহমান, *বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস*, ১৯০৫-৪৭, তাম্মলিপি, ঢাকা ২০১১।
- ১১. ড. মোঃ মাহবুবর রহমান, *বাংলাদেশের ইতিহাস*, ১৯৪৭-১৯৭১, সময় প্রকাশন, ঢাকা ২০১২।
- ১২. সৈয়দ আনোয়ার হোসেন, *বাংলাদেশের স্বাধীনতা যুদ্ধে পরাশক্তির ভূমিকা*, ডানা প্রকাশনী, ঢাকা ১৯৮২।
- ১৩. আবুল মাল আবদুল মুহিত, *বাংলাদেশ: জাতিরাষ্ট্রের উদ্ভব*, সাহিত্য প্রকাশ, ঢাকা ২০০০।
- ১৪. শেখ মুজিবুর রহমান, *অসমাপ্ত আত্মজীবনী* , দি ইউনিভার্সিটি প্রেস লিমিটেড , ঢাকা ২০১২।
- ১৫. সিরাজ উদদীন আহমেদ, একান্তরের মুক্তিযুদ্ধ: স্বাধীন বাংলাদেশের অভ্যদয়, ইসলামিক ফাউন্ডেশন, ঢাকা ২০১১।
- ১৬. জয়ন্ত কুমার রায়, *বাংলাদেশের রাজনৈতিক ইতিহাস*, সুবর্ণ প্রকাশন, ঢাকা ২০১০।
- 39. Harun-or-Roshid, *The Foreshadowing of Bangladesh: Bengal Muslim League and Muslim Politics*, 1906-1947, The University Press Limited, Dhaka 2012.
- كان. Rounaq Jahan, *Pakistan: Failure in National Integration*, The University Press Limited, Dhaka 1977.
- 38. Talukder Maniruzzaman, Radical Politics and the Emergence of Bangladesh, Mowla, Brothers, Dhaka 2003.
- ২০. মেসবাহ কামাল ও ঈশানী চক্রবর্তী, নাচোলের কৃষক বিদ্রোহ, সমকালীন রাজনীতি ও ইলা মিত্র, উত্তরণ, ঢাকা ২০০৮।
- ২১. মেসবাহ কামাল, *আসাদ ও উনসত্তরের গণঅভ্যুত্থান*, বিবর্তন, ঢাকা ১৯৮৬।

Course Code	121101	Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours: 60	
Course Title	English (Co	mpulsory)			

Aims and objective of this course: To develop students' English language skills, to enable them to benefit personally and professionally. The four skills- listening, speaking, reading and writing will be integrated to encourage better language use

1. Reading and understanding

5x4=20

Students will be expected to read passages so that they might come across in their everyday life, such as newspapers, magazines, general books etc. Simple stories will also be included to give students a familiarity with different uses of the language.

[N.B. 5 Questions are to be answered. Each question will carry 4 marks. There may be division in each question]

- a) Understanding different purposes and types of readings
- b) Guessing word- meaning in context.
- c) Understanding long sentences
- d) Recognizing main idea and supporting ideas
- e) Answering comprehension questions
- f) Writing summaries

2. Writing

- a) Writing correct sentences, completing sentences and combining sentences. 05
- b) Situational Writing: Posters, notices, slogans, memos, advertisements etc.
- c) Paragraph Writing: Structure of a paragraph; to topic sentence; developing ideas; writing a conclusion; types of paragraphs (narrative, descriptive, expository, persuasive); techniques of paragraph development (such as listing, cause and effect, comparison and contrast)

Or.

- d) Newspaper writing: Reports. Press realize, dialogue etc
- e) Writing resume 08

Or,

- f) Writing letters : Formal and Informal letters, letters to the editor, request letter, job applications, complaint letter etc.
- g) Essay : Generating ideas; outlining, Writing a Thesis sentence; writing the essay: writing introduction, developing ideas, writing conclusion, revising and editing.
- 3. Grammar

25

- a) Word order of sentences.
- b) Framing questions.
- c) Tenses, articles, subject –verb agreement, noun-pronoun agreement, verbs, phrasal verbs, conditionals, prepositions and prepositional phrases, infinitives, participles; gerunds. (Knowledge of grammar will be test through contextualized, passages).
- d) Punctuation
- 4. Developing Vocabulary: Using the dictionary, suffixes, prefixes, synonyms, antonyms, changing word forms (from verb to noun etc.) and using them in sentences.
- 5. Translation from Bengali to English.

1x5 = 5

6. Speaking Skills: Speaking skill should be integrated with writing and reading in classroom activities.

The English sound system; pronunciation skills; the IPA system; problem sounds; vowels; consonant and diphthongs; lexical and syntactic stress.

(Writing dialogue and practice it orally students can develop their speaking skill. Dialogue writing can be an item in writing test.)

Course Code: 131001		Marks: 100	Credits: 4	Class Hours : 60	
Course Title:	বাংলা জ	াতীয় ভাষা (আবশ্যিক)			

ক : সাহিত্য নম্বর-৭৫

১) নির্বাচিত কবিতা নম্বর-২৫

ক) মাইকেল মধুসূদন দত্ত : আত্ম-বিলাপ খ) রবীন্দ্রনাথ ঠাকুর : ঐকতান গ) কাজী নজর লৈ ইসলাম : চৈতী হাওয়া ঘ) জীবনানন্দ দাশ : বনলতা সেন ঙ) ফরর খি আহমদ : ডাহুক

 চ) শামসুর রাহমান
 : বার বার ফিরে আসে

 ছ) আল মাহমুদ
 : সোনালী কাবিন: ৫

২) নির্বাচিত প্রবন্ধ নম্বর-২৫

ক) বঙ্কিমচন্দ্র চট্টোপাধ্যায়: বাঙ্গালা ভাষা খ) হরপ্রসাদ শান্ত্রী : তৈল

গ) রবীন্দ্রনাথ ঠাকুর : সভ্যতার সংকট

ঘ) প্রমথ চৌধুরী : যৌবনে দাও রাজটিকা

ঙ) কাজী আবদুল ওদুদ : বাংলার জাগরণ

চ) কাজী নজর দ্বাম : রাজবন্দীর জবানবন্দী

ছ) মোতাহের হোসেন চৌধুরী : সংস্কৃতি-কথা

৩) নির্বাচিত গল্প নম্বর-২৫

ক) রবীন্দ্রনাথ ঠাকুর : একরাত্রি
খ) বিভূতিভূষণ বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় : পুঁই মাচা
গ) আবুল মনসুর আহমদ : হুযুর কেবলা
ঘ) মানিক বন্দ্যোপাধ্যায় : প্রাগৈতিহাসিক
ঙ) সৈয়দ ওয়ালীউল- াহ : নয়নচারা
চ) শামসুন্দীন আবুল কালাম : পথ জানা নাই

ছ) হাসান আজিজুল হক : আত্মজা ও একটি করবী গাছ

খ : ভাষা শিক্ষা নম্বর-২৫

১। পত্র রচনা: ব্যক্তিগতপত্র, দাফ্তরিকপত্র, ব্যবসায়-সংক্রান্তপত্র, আবেদনপত্র ও মানপত্র

২। গদ্যরীতি : সাধু, চলিত ও আঞ্চলিক

৩। প্রমিত বাংলা বানানের নিয়ম (বাংলা একাডেমি, ঢাকা)

৪। অনুবাদ : ইংরেজি থেকে বাংলা

৫। সারসংক্ষেপ।

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY



Syllabus

Subject: Economics

Three Year B.S.S. Pass Course

Effective from the Session: 2013–2014

National University

Syllabus for 3 years B.S.S. Pass Course

Subject: Economics Session: 2013-2014

The Courses of Study for B.S.S. Pass in Economics shall extend over a period of three academic years comprising Six papers with marks as indicated below:

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credit			
	First year						
112201	Paper-I	Microeconomics	100	4			
112203	Paper-II	Bangladesh Economy	100	4			
	Second year						
122201	Paper-III	Macroeconomics	100	4			
122203	Paper-IV	Money, Banking, International Trade and	100	4			
		Public Finance					
		Third year					
132201	Paper-V	Elementary Mathematics for Economics and	100	4			
		Basic Statistics					
		Or					
132203		Demography					
132205	Paper-VI	History of Economic Thought	100	4			
		Total =	600	24			

Detailed Syllabus First Year

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credit
112201	Paper-I	Microeconomics	100	4

Course Objective

The objective of this course is to provide an understanding of the basic concepts of microeconomics. The main focus of the course is to provide an introduction to the economic principles behind the determination of price based on the theory of demand, supply and production functions and on how equilibrium price and quantity are reached in selected markets.

Course Contents

- 1) **Definition and Subject Matter of Economics:** Distinction between micro & macroeconomics some basic economic concepts alternative economic systems Capitalism, Socialism & Islamic Economics.
- 2) **Supply and Demand:** Concepts of supply and demand and the determinants, market equilibrium and shifts of market equilibrium, consumer's and producer's surplus, concepts and measurements of various elasticities of demand and supply.
- 3) **The Theory of Consumer Behavior:** Utility total and marginal utility, cardinal and ordinal utility, law of diminishing marginal utility, equimarginal principle.
- 4) **The Indifference Curve Analysis:** Properties of indifference curve, consumers' equilibrium income, substitution and price effect.
- 5) **The Theory of Production:** Factors of production, returns to scale, production function Iso-product and Iso-cost curves, producer's equilibrium.
- 6) **Theory of Cost and Revenue:** Short run and long run cost function, explicit, implicit and opportunity costs, fixed and variable costs, total, average and marginal costs, envelope average cost curves, the link between production and cost, accounting profit vs. economic profit, profit maximizing conditions.
- 7) **Theory of the Firm:** Perfect competition, Monopoly and Monopolistic Competition, Equilibrium of a firm in the short and long run under perfect competition. Derivation of supply curve of a firm and industry. Monopoly equilibrium in the short run and long run. Price discrimination, Monopolistic competition, Product differentiation and group equilibrium.
- 8) **Oligopoly Market :** Definition of oligopoly. Characteristics of oligopoly market. Collusive and Non-Collusive Oligopoly, Cournot Model, Stackelberg model and the Kinked-demand model.
- 9) **The Pricing of the Factors of Production:** The marginal productivity theory of distribution determination of rent, wages, interest and profit.

Books Recommended:

1. Samuelson P.A. & Nordhaus : Economics

2. A. Koutsoyiannis : Modern Micro-Economics

3. C.E. Ferguson : Micro-Economic Theory

4. Stonier & Hague : A Text Book of Economic Theory

5. M. L. Jhingan : Advanced Economic Theory . 6.

AdvuiiLCi.1 lii.0111 uiiiu Throiy : Advanced Economic Theory

7. K. K. Dwelt : Modern Economic Theory

8. M.L. Seth : Micro-Economics

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credit
112203	Paper-II	Bangladesh Economy	100	4

Course Objective

The main objective of this course is to introduce the students with the socio-economic context of Bangladesh from different perspectives. The course will also help them to know recent issues of Bangladesh economy. The students will be able to understand the trend of economic variables and business phenomenon. The knowledge will help them to take step in the development of the country.

Course Contents

1. Economic Development:

Development Economics; Growth and Development: Characteristics of Less Developed Countries; Causes of Economic Backwardness; Determinants of Development; Features of Bangladesh Economy.

2. Social and Economic Infrastructure:

Education, Health, Transport, Communication, Power and Energy Sectors in Bangladesh.

3. Population and Economic Development:

Population-Growth, Composition and Distribution of Population. Density and Trend of Population Growth. Problems of Population in Bangladesh. Population Policy, Population and Economic Development.

4. Agriculture:

Role of Agriculture; Modernization of Agriculture: Problems and Prospects of Agriculture in Bangladesh. Land Reforms", Agricultural Credit, Agricultural Marketing.

5. Industry:

Role of Industry, Strategy for Industrial Development, Large Vs. Small and Cottage Industries, Private Vs Public Sector Privatization Policy, Industrial Development and Industrial Policy in Bangladesh.

6. Money and Banking:

Money, Money Market in Bangladesh, Bangladesh Bank, Nationalized and Private Banks - Islamic Banks, Govt. strategy for Banking Reforms, Specialized Banks, Capital Market - Problems and Prospects.

7. Foreign Trade:

Role of Trade Volume, Composition and Direction of Foreign Trade of Bangladesh; Balance of Trade and Balance of Payments, Adverse Balance of Payments & its correction.

8. Development Finance:

Domestic Resource Mobilization; External Resources; Foreign Aid versus Foreign Direct Investment; Foreign Aid and Economic Development.

9. Development Planning:

Concept of Development Planning; Necessity of Planning, Physical-and Financial Planning; Problems of implementing Plan.-, in Bangladesh; Five year Plans.

10. Poverty Alleviation Policy:

Concept of Poverty Alteration—Causes of Poverty and Its Remedial Measures, Human Resource Development and Measures taken by the Government for Human Resource v Development, Role of Local Government and NCOs.

Books Recommended:

1. Bruton : Principles of Economic Development

2. Khan, A.R. : Bangladesh Economy

3. Khan, A.R.

and Mahboob Hossain : Strategy of Development in Bangladesh

4. Todaro : Economics for a Developing World

5. Faaland & Parkinson : Bangladesh : A Test Case of Development

6. Dr. Azizur Rahman : Export & Economic Development of Bangladesh

Second Year

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credit
122201	Paper-III	Macroeconomics	100	4

Course Objective: Macroeconomics studies the behavior of the main aggregates of the economy. The objective of this course is to teach macroeconomic analysis techniques, presenting models that help explain how the economy works.

Course Contents

- **1. Fundamental Concepts of Macroeconomics:** Income, Consumption, Savings Investment, Employment and Output.
- **2. National Income Accounting :** GDP, GNP, NNP, Nominal and Real National Income, Methods of National Income Accounting, Problems of Computing National Income, Usefulness of National Income Accounting.
- **3. Theory of Income Determination:** Classical Approach of Macro-Economics, the Demand for and Supply of Labor, the Equilibrium Level of Employment and Output, Say's Law of Market, Keynesian Approach.
- **4. Investment**: Concepts of Investment, Marginal Efficiency of Investment and Capital.
- **5. Inflation:** Inflation, Types, Causes, Effects and Control of Inflation. Inflation Vs. Deflation. Demand Pull and Cost Push Inflation-Definition and Its Nature, Inflationary Gap, Measurement of Inflationary Gap.
- **6. Consumption and Savings Function:** Concepts of Consumption and Savings Function, MPC, APC, MPS, APS, Short Run and Long Run Views, Keynesian Approach.
- **7. The Quantity Theory of Money Transaction:** Fisher's Equation of Exchange, Cambridge Equation and Friedman's Quantity Theory of Money.

- **8. Multiplier and Acceleration**: Concepts of Multiplier, Multiplier Operation in a Two-Sector Economy, Leakages of Multiplier, Paradox of Thrift etc., Concepts of Acceleration, Characteristics of the Acceleration theory, Analysis of the Theory of Acceleration.
- **9. Banking**: Commercial and Central Banking, Multiple Creation of Credit by Commercial Banks and Its Limitation.
- **10. Monetary and Fiscal Policy:** Concepts of Monetary and Fiscal Policy, Objectives of Monetary and Fiscal Policy, Limitations of Monetary and Fiscal Policy, Role of Monetary and Fiscal Policy in Economic Development, Crowding out Effect.

1. Branson : Macro-Economic Theory & Policy

2. E. Shapiro : Macro-Economic Analysis

3. M.L. Seth : Macro-Economics
4. M.C. Vaish : Macro-Economics

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credit
122203	Paper-IV	Money, Banking, International Trade and	100	4
		Public Finance		

Course Objective

'Money, Banking, International Trade and Public Finance' study the role of money in the economy, the functional activities of the banking system, trade theories and the basic issues in the public finance. The aim of the course is to develop a basic understanding of the financial system including its instruments: how it operates and why it plays a central role in the economy. Keeping in view the recent developments in monetary and public finance, this course focuses less on the theory of money and banking and more on the implications of monetary policy and financial structure for the functioning of the economy.

Course Contents

1. Money:

Money-Types of Money; Functions of Money, Supply of Money; Quantity Theory of Money: Cash Transaction and Cash Balance approaches, Inflation, Causes and Effects of Inflation.

2. Banking:

Banks, Types of Banks, Commercial Bank. Principles of Commercial Bank, functions & role of Commercial Bank, Creation of credit Commercial Bank, Central Bank, Function of Central Bank. Instruments of credit control of a Central Bank, Islamic Banking system-profit. & loss sharing-modes of investment.

3. International Trade:

Domestic Vs. International Trade: Theories of International Trade - Classical Theory and Modern Theory. Balance of Trade and Balance of Payments. Terms of Trade. Free Trade and Protection.

4. Public Finance:

Public Finance, Public Finance Vs Private Finance, Principles of Taxation; Direct and indirect tax. Concepts of Value Added Tax (VAT). Concepts of Budget-Balanced and unbalanced Budget, Deficit Financing and Economic Development. Public Debt, Public Expenditure, Objectives of Public Expenditure.

Books Recommended:

Miller and Van Hoose : Modern Money and Banking.
 Mishkin : Economics of Money and Banking

3 Musgrave : Public Finance

4. M.L.Seith : Money Banking, International Trade and Finance

Due and Friedlander : Government Finance
 Sodersten, Bo : International Economics
 Kindlebereer : International Economics

Third Year

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credit
132201	Paper-V	Elementary Mathematics for Economics and	100	4
		Basic Statistic		

Elementary Mathematics

Course Objective

This course focuses on the development of understanding of basic concepts and principles of mathematics used in the area of business and economics. The course gives ideas of calculus to solve business and economics problems.

Course Contents

1. Basic Processes in Algebra:

- a) Algebraic Vocabulary.
- b) Multiplication and Division of Numbers with Exponents.
- c) Addition and Substraction of Algberaic terms,
- 2. Functions, Variables and Graphs:
- a) The concept of a function.
- b) Explicit and Implicit function.
- c) The Range and Domain of a Function.
- d) The Graphical Representation of Functions.
 - i) Cartesian Co-ordinates and Location of Points.
 - ii) Linear Functions and Quadratic Functions. Equations of Straight Line.
- **3. Introduction to Calculus:** General rules of derivatives, partial differentiation! Simple application of differentiation.

4. Matrix Algebra : Concept of Vectors and Matrix, Different Types of Matrix, Transpose of a Matrix.

B ooks Recommended:

1. Taro Yamane : Mathematics for Economics

2. Alpha Cluung : Fundamental Methods of Mathematical Economics

3. Caroline Dinwiddy : Elementary Mathematics for Economics

Basic Statistics

Course Objective

This course introduces the use of statistical methods and tools in evaluating data for business and economics decision making. The course is designed to explain statistical techniques to decision-making situations & how to interpret the results. Throughout the learning session the students will be able to apply statistical techniques with the help of business and economics data.

Course Contents

- **1. Introduction to Statistics :** Statistics, Population and Sample, Discrete and Continuous Variables, Statistical Data and their Graphical Presentation, Frequency Distributions.
- 2. Measurement of Central Tendency: Arithmetic mean and its properties, the median and its properties, the mode and its properties and the relation between mean, median and mode.
- **3. Measures of Dispersion :** The range. The Mean deviation. The Standard deviation The Variance. Coefficient of variation.
- **4. Index Number :** Meaning and purpose of index number, Problems involved in the Computation of Index Numbers, Ideal Index Number, weighted index number.
- **5. Time Series Analysis :** Characteristics movements of Time Series, Classification and estimation of Time Series Movements.

Books recommended:

1. E.Shapiro : Macro-Economic Analysis

2. Sanuielson : Economics

3. M.R.Spiegel : Theory and Problems of Statistics

4. T. Yamane : Statistics far Economists

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credit
132203	Paper-V	Demography	100	4

Course Objective

This course introduces the basic techniques of demographic analysis. Students will become familiar with the sources of data available for demographic research. Population composition and change measures will be presented. Measures of mortality, fertility, marriage and migration

levels and patterns will be defined. Life table, standardization and population projection techniques will also be explored.

Course Contents

- **1. Demography**: Definition, subject matter, utility of its study.
- **2. Nature of Demographic Data :** Basic sources of statistics, primary demographic data, secondary, census and surveys, vital statistics.
- **3. Population Change and its Components:** The components of population growth, the component of change expressed as rates, the process of demographic transition, population size, population density, age and sex composition of population.
- **4. Fertility and Reproduction :** Measures of fertility-crude birth rates, general fertility rates, specific birth and fertility rales, total fertility rates, cohort birth rate, cumulative birth rate-children ever born, measures of illegitimacy; measures of reproduction-crude rate of natural increase, gross reproduction rate, net reproduction rate.
- **5. Mortality :** Conventional measures of morality-crude death rate, specific death rates, infant morality, rate, neonatal morality rate, fetal death rate. perinatal death rate, maternal morality rate; adjusted measures of morality; trend and differentials.
- **6. Life Table :** Types of Life Table, construction of Life Table, the complete Life Table, the abridged Life Table-Greville's method, Reed-Merreli method, the method of reference to a standard table; uses of Life Table.
- **7. Migration :** Internal and international; technique of analysis-net migration, gross migration and migration ratios; methods of measuring internal migration vital statistics, survival ratio and place of birth method; immigration and population growth; determinants and effects of migration.
- **8. Population Projects:** Methods of preparing population projection mathematical methods, component methods; projections of morality; projections of fertility; uses of population projection.

Books Recommended:

1. Barclay. George w. : Techniques of Population Analysis, John Wiley &

Sons, 1958:

2. Bogue Donald J. : Principles of Demography. John Wiley £ Sons

3. Shrynck Henry S.Jacob S Scigal : The Methods and Materials of Demography, and

Associates Condensed Edition,

Academic Press, Inc., 1976

4. Spiegelman Mortimer : Introduction to Demography, Second Edition,

Harvard University Press, 1968

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credit
132205	Paper-VI	History of Economic Thought	100	4

Course Objective

Students will be able to trace the origins of economic thought in the ancient world and its influence on subsequent schools of thought, including the scholastics and the emergence of early

modern (Classical) economics. They will be able to discuss the links between the evolution of Western economies and the emergence of economics as a distinct discipline. Students will be able to define and discuss the mercantilist, early institutionalist, and heterodox schools of economics, including Marxian theory, which have challenged mainstream economics. This course will help the students to trace the development of neoclassical marginalism, and to identify the areas of agreement and disagreement between the classical and neoclassical approaches in economics.

Course Content

Medieval Economic Thought — The scholastics Mercantilists. The physiocrats. "The Tableau Economique."

The Classical Economic Thought-Adam Smith. J.B.Say. David Ricardo. J.S. Mill. Karl Marx, Malthus.

Marginalist School of Thought-Walras, Marshall, Fisher, Wicksell, Bohm Bowerk.

Neoclassical Economic Thought — J.M Keynes and Followers.

German Historical School, Friedrick List. Free Trade and Protection.

Socialist economic Thought — Karl Marx, Economics of Development—Schumpeter, Aurther Lewis, Libenstein.

Welfare Economics-Pigou, Pareto.

Islamic Economic Thought - Ibn Khaldun, Ibn Taimiyah, Abu Yusuf.

Books Recommended

1. Eric Roll : History of Economic Thought

2. Haney : Economic Thought

3. Ben Seligman : Main Currents in Economic Thought since 1870

4.. H. Rima : Development of Economic Analysis
5. Blaug : Economic Theory in Retrospect
6. Khurshid Ahmed : Studies in Islamic Economics

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY



Syllabus

Subject: Political Science

Three Years B.S.S. Pass Course Effective from the Session: 2013–2014

National University

Syllabus for 3 years B.S.S. Pass Course Subject: Political Science Session: 2013-14

The Courses of Study for B.S.S. Pass in Political Science shall extend over a period of three academic years comprising Six papers with marks as indicated below:

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
		First year		
111901	Paper-I	Political Theory	100	4
111903	Paper-II	Political Organization and The Political	100	4
		System of UK and USA		
		Second year		
121901	Paper-III	Government and Politics of Bangladesh	100	4
121903	Paper-IV	Political Economy of Bangladesh	100	4
		Third year		
131901	Paper-V	Local Government and Rural Politics in	100	4
		Bangladesh		
131903	Paper-VI	Women and Politics	100	4
		Total =	600	24

Detailed Syllabus First Year

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
111901	Paper-I	Political Theory	100	4

Political Science: Meaning, Nature, Scope, Methods, Relations to other Social Science, Importance to Study Political Science.

State: Definition, Elements, State and Government, State and Individual, State and Society, Theories of origin of the state.

Fundamental concepts: Sovereignty, Law, Liberty, Equality, Rights and Duties, Nation, Nationalism, Internationalism.

Political Thinkers: Plato, Aristotle, St. Augustine, St. Thomas Aquinas, Machiavelli, Hobbes, Locke and Rousseau.

Books Recommended:

1. R. G. Gettell : Political Science

2. J. W. Garner : Political Science and Government

3. R. M. MacIver : The Modern State

4. G. H. Sabine : A History of Political Theory

5. William Ebenstein : Great Political Thinkers-Plato to the Present

6. H. G. Laski : A Grammar of Politics

7. মুহাম্মদ আয়েশ উদ্দীন : রাষ্ট্রচিন্তা পরিচিতি ৪. এমাজউদ্দিন আহমদ : মধ্যযুগের রাষ্ট্রচিন্তা

9. মোঃ দরবেশ আলী খান : পে- টো ও এরিস্টটলের রাজনৈতিক চিন্তা

10. সরদার ফজলুল করিম : পে- টোর রিপাবলিক

Paper Co	de	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
111903	}	Paper-II	Political Organization and The Political	100	4
			System of UK and USA		

Political Science: Meaning and significance, Classification, Methods of Establishing Constitution.

Forms of Government: The Concept to Traditional and Modern Forms, Democracy,

Dictatorship, Parliamentary, Presidential, Unitary and Federal.

Theory of Separation of Power: Meaning, Significance and Working. **Organs of Government:** Legislature, Executive, Judiciary and Electorate. Political Behaviour: Political Parties, Pressure Groups and Public Opinion.

British Political System: Nature, Features and Sources of the Constitution, Conventions,

Monarchy, Parliament, The Prime Minister and the Cabinet, Party System.

American Political System: Nature and Features of the Constitution, The System of Checks and Balances, The President and Congress, Judiciary and Political Parties.

Books Recommended:

1. K. C. Wheare : Modern Constitution 2. K. C. Wheare : Federal Government

3. W. F. Willoughby : *The Government of Modern State*

4. C. F. Strong : Modern Constitution
5. R. M MacIver : The Web of Government

6. H. Finer : Theory and Practice of Modern Government

7. ড. মোঃ মকসুদুর রহমান : রাষ্ট্রীয় সংগঠনের রূপরেখা

 8. ড. ওদুদ ভূঁইয়া
 : রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞান

 9. বিপুল রঞ্জন নাথ
 : রাষ্ট্রীয় সংগঠন

10. নির্মল কান্তি ঘোষ : আধুনিক রাষ্ট্রবিজ্ঞানের ভূমিকা

Second Year

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
121901	Paper-III	Government and Politics of Bangladesh	100	4

Political Background and Constitutional Development: Growth of Nationalism, Partition of Bengal–1905 and its Annulment, Formation of Muslim League-1906, Act of 1909, 1935. Lahore Resolution-1940, Cripps Mission-1942, Cabinet Mission Plan-1946, Indian Independence Act of 1947, Constitution of 1956 and 1962.

Emergence of Bangladesh: Language Movement of 1952, Elections of 1952, Autonomy Movement and the 6-point Programme, Mass Upsurege of 1969, Elections of 1970, War of Liberation and Birth of the New Nation.

The Constitution of Bangladesh: Constitution making 1972, Features, Fundamental Principles Constitutional Amendments.

Major Political Trends: Sheikh Mujib Regime, Zia Regime, Military intervention of 1982 and the Military Regime of General Ershed and struggle for democracy, the Fall of Ershed Regime, Working of Parliamentary Government.

Books Recommended:

A. B. Keith : Constitutional History of India
 Jennings : Constitutional Problems in Pakistan

3. G. W. Choudhury : Democracy in Pakistan

4. K. B. Sayeed : *Pakistan-The Formative Phase*.

5. Waresul Karim : Election Under a Creataker Government, Dhaka: UPL, 2004

6. আবুল মনসুর আহমদ : আমার দেখা রাজনীতির পঞ্চাশ বছর 7. আবুল ফজল হক : বাংলাদেশের শাসন ব্যবস্থা ও রাজনীতি

8. রদর^ভউদ্দিন : পূর্ব বাংলার ভাষা আন্দোলন ও তৎকালীন রাজনীতি (১-৩ খ^ল)

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
121903	Paper-IV	Political Economy of Bangladesh	100	4

Political Economy: Meaning of Political Economy, Relations between Politics and Economics, Development of State activity and Socio-Economic Functions of Modern State.

State and Economy: Capitalism, Socialism, Mixed Economy, Intermediate Regime and Free Market Economy.

Economic Development: Meaning and Pre-conditions, Characteristics of Developed, Underdeveloped and Developing Countries, Problems of Economic Development in Bangladesh. Bangladesh Agriculture: Importance of Agriculture in the Economy of Bangladesh, Problems of Agriculture and Food-its remedies, Agricultural Policies, Agricultural Credit, Land Ownership, Land reforms, Green Revolution.

Bangladesh Industries: Industrialization in Bangladesh, State Sector vs. Private Sector and Foreign Direct Investment.

Unemployment in Bangladesh: Meaning, Different Forms, Causes of Unemployment, Measures to solve the problems.

Books Recommended:

1. Dalton : Principles of Public Finance

2. B Higgins : Economic Development: Principles, Problems and Politics

3. CA Beard : The Economic Basis of Politics.
4. WW Rosto : Stages of Economic Growth
5. L Robson : Politics and Economics.

6. AH Hansen : Nationalization-Public Enterprise and Economic Development.

7. WA Robson : Nationalized Industry and Public 8. AR Khan : The Economy of Bangladesh 9. KL Seth : Economic Aspects of Bangladesh.
 10. AMA Rahim : Current Issues of Bangladesh Economy
 11. A Faruk : Economic Development of Bangladesh.

12. Emajuddin Ahmed : The Development Strategy of Maximizing Agricultural

Production and Its Impact on Economic Development

in the Rural Areas of Bangladesh

13. Rehman Sobhan &

Muzaffer Ahmed : Public Enterprise in an Intermediate Regime.

14. M K Alamgir : Land Reform in Bangladesh

15. M K Alamgir : Development Strategy for Bangladesh

16. Azizur Rahman Khan

and Mahabub Hossain : The Strategy of Development in Bangladesh, (Macmillan).

17. A Hamid Khan : The Decades of Rural Development.

18. Nizam Ahmed : Parliament and Public Spending in Bangladesh.

Third Year

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
131901	Paper-V	Local Government and Rural Politics in	100	4
		Bangladesh		

Course Content:

- A. Approaches to the Study of Local Government.
- B. Local Government in Bangladesh: Historical growth of local bodies.
- C. Structure of local bodies: Linkage between formal structure and informal structure.
- D. Dynamics of local government in Bangladesh: The Process of decision-making, The administration of Local finance, Local level planning.
- E. Local level Politics: Emerging socio-anthropological structure, Rural Power Structure. The Pattern of leadership-politics of brokerage, Politics of factionalism: Patron-Client relation.
- F. Decentralization, Social Change: Rural Development, Problems and trends, Political Participation.

Selected Readings:

Ahmed Shafiqul Haq, Politics and Administration in Bangladesh, Dhaka: UPL, 1988.

Ali Ahmed, Administration of Local Self-Government for Rural Areas in Bangladesh, Dhaka: NILG, 1979.

B. Hartmen and J.K. Boyce, A Quiet Violence: View from a Bangladesh Village, London: Zed Books, 1998.

Dalem Chandra Barman, Emerging Leadership Patterns in Rural Bangladesh, Dhaka: CSS, 1988.

Eliot Tepper, Changing Patterns of Administration in Rural East Pakistan, Michigan: Michigan state University Press, 1966.

Hasnat Abdul Hye (ed.), Village Studies in Bangladesh, Comilla: BARD, 1985.

Hugh Tinker, Foundations of Local Self-Government in India, Pakistan and Burma, London: Athlone Press, 1954.

Kamal Sidiqui (ed.), Local Government in South Asia: A Comparative Study, Dhaka: UPL, 1992.

M. Rashiduzzaman, Politics and Administration in the Local Councils, Dhaka: OUP, 1968.

Md. Moksuder Rahman, *Politics and Development of Local Self Government in Bangladesh*, Delhi: Devika Publications, 2000.

N. C. Roy, Rural Self-Government in Bengal, Calcutta: Calcutta University Press, 1936.

Najmul Abedin, Local Administration and Politics in Modernizing Societies: Bangladesh and Pakistan, Dhaka: Oxford University Press, 1973.

Nizam Ahmed, Bureaucracy and Local Politics in Bangladesh, Dhaka: A.H.D Publishing House, 2009.

- R. Qadir and M. Islam, Women Representatives at the Union level as change agents of Development, Beijing: Newstar Publishers, 1995.
- S. Maqsood Ali, Decentralization and People's Participation in Bangladesh, Dhaka: NIPA, 1981.

Shairul Masreck, Kinship and Power Structure in Rural Bangladesh, USA: Homeland Press and Publications, 1995.

মো: মকসুদুর রহমান, বাংলাদেশের স্থানীয় স্বায়ত্তশাসন, রাজশাহী: আলীগড় লাইব্রেরী, ২০০৫।

বি.কে জাহাঙ্গীর, *বাংলাদেশের গ্রামাঞ্চল ও শ্রেণী সংগ্রাম*, ঢাকা: সমাজ নিরিক্ষণ কেন্দ্র, ১৯৯৭।

আনু মোহাম্মদ . গ্রামীণ সমাজ ও অর্থনীতি . ঢাকা : ডানা প্রকাশনী . ১৯৮৭।

আরেঙ্গ ইয়েনেকা ও বুরদ্যান ইউস ফান, *ঝগড়াপুর: গ্রাম বাংলার গৃহস্থ ও নারী*, অনুবাদ: নিলুফার মতিন, ঢাকা: গণ প্রকাশনী, ১৯৮০।

কামাল সিদ্দিকী, বাংলাদেশের গ্রামীণ দারিদ্র: শ্বর[ে]প ও সমাধান, ঢাকা: ডানা প্রকাশনী, ১৯৮৫।

বার্টোসি পিটার ডে, অম্পষ্ট *গ্রাম: পূর্ব পাকিম্জানের গ্রামীণ সামাজিক কাঠামো এবং সম্প্রদায় ভিত্তিক সংগঠন*, অনুবাদ: মোহাম্মদ আব্দুর রহমান মিঞা, ঢাকা: ন্যাশনাল ইনস্টিটিউট অব লোকাল গভর্ণমেন্ট, ১৯৯২।

রহমান হোসেন জিল-ুর, মাঠ গবেষণা ও গ্রামীণ দারিদ্র: পদ্ধতি বিষয়ে কতিপয় সংলাপ, ঢাকা: ইউনিভার্সিটি প্রেস লি:, ১৯৯৪।

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
131903	Paper-VI	Women and Politics	100	4

Course Content:

A. Women and Politics: Historical and Theoretical Perspectives

- B. Status of Women: Social, Legal, Religious and Political
- C. Women's Participation in Politics, Organization and Movement
- D. Women and Development: Strategies and Policies
- E. Women and Mass Media
- F. Women's Rights and the UN, CEDAW
- G. Scope and Nature of Women's Participation in Bangladesh Politics: Election and Voting (Local and National); Political Parties (Leadership Role and Membership); Political Institutions; Legislature, Executive and Judiciary; Local Self-governing Bodies

Selected Readings:

Barbara A. Marshall, Engendering Modernity: Freminism, Social Theory and Social Change, UK; Polity Press, 1988 Barbara J. Nelson and Najma Choudhury, eds. Women and Politics Worldwide, New Haven and London: Yale Univ. Press, 1994

F.E. Stiftnug, Women in Politics, New Delhi: Har Anand Pub. 1993
Gould, /Carol, ed. Gender: Key Concepts in Critical Theory, NJ: Humanities Press, 1997
আনু মোহাাম্মদ , নারী পুর^{ক্র}ষ সমাজ , ঢাকা: সন্দেশ , ১৯৯৭।
আল মাসুদ হাসানউজ্জামান (সম্পাদিত) বাংলাদেশের নারী: বর্তমান অবস্থা ও উন্নয়ন প্রসঙ্গ , ঢাকা: ইউপিএল , ২০০২

NATIONAL UNIVERSITY



Syllabus

Subject: Social Work

Three Years B.S.S. Pass Course Effective from the Session: 2013–2014

National University

Syllabus for 3 years B.S.S. Pass Course Subject: Social Work

Session: 2013-2014

The Courses of Study for B.S.S. Pass in Social Work shall extend over a period of three academic years comprising Six papers with marks as indicated below:

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits			
	First year						
112101	Paper-I	History and Philosophy of Social Work	100	4			
112103	Paper-II	Needs and Social Problems of Bangladesh	100	4			
	Second year						
122101	Paper-III	Social Policy, Planning and Social Welfare	100	4			
		Services in Bangladesh					
122103	Paper-IV	Methods of Social Work	100	4			
	Third year						
132101	Paper-V	Social Research and Statistics	100	4			
132103	Paper-VI	Field Work Education	100	4			
		Total =	600	24			

Detailed Syllabus

First Year

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
112101	Paper-I	History and Philosophy of Social Work	100	4

- 1. **Some Concepts Related to Social Work:** Individual, Group, Community, Society, Social Work, Social Welfare, Social Service, Social Reform, Social Security, Social Legislation, Social Change.
- 2. Definition, Objectives, Scope and Necessity of Social Work. Social Work-a Science or an Art.
- 3. **Relationship of Social Work with other Social Sciences:** Sociology, Anthropology, Economics, Psychology, Political Science, Philosophy and Public Administration.
- 4. **Evolution of Social Work in England**: The Elizabethan Poor Law of 1601. The poor Law Reform of 1834, Charity Organization Society (COS). The Poor Law Commission of 1905. The Beveridge Report.
- 5. **Evolution of Social Work in USA:** State Board of Charities, The Economic Depression of 1873 and COS, The Great Depression of 1929 and Social Services.
- 6. **Social Welfare in Indian Sub-Continent:** Ancient, Medieval and British Period, Evolution of Social Work Education in Bangladesh.

- 7. Reform Movements, Reformers and Welfare Activists Socioeconomic Movements:
 - a) Brahma Samaj, Faraizee Movement, Ram Krishna Mission, Mohamedan Literary Society and Aligarh Movement, Permanent Settlement and Peasant Movement, Tebhaga Movement, Nankar Movement.
 - b) Iswar Chandra Bidyasagar, Nawab Faizunnessa, Nawab Sir Salimullah, Begum Rokeya and A.K. Fazlul Huq, Raja Rammohon Roy.
- 8. **Social Work as a Profession:** Definition, Characteristics, Evolution of Social Work Profession, Difference, between Professional Social Work and non-Professional Social Work.
- 9. **Social Legislation:** Definition, Objectives and Importance of social Legislation. Some Social Legislations of Bangladesh: The Labour Act 2006, The Muslim Family Laws Ordinance of 1961, The Children Act of 1974, The Family Court Ordinance, 1985, and The Women and Children Repression Prevention (Amendment) Act 2003.

মিয়া, আবদুল হালিম। (২০০০)। স্লাতক সমাজকল্যাণ। ঢাকা: হাসান বুক হাউজ।

Compton, B.R. and Galaway, B. (1979). Social Work Processes. Illionois Homewood.

Friedlander, W.A Apte, Robert. (1982). *Introduction to Social Welfare* (5th ed.). New Delhi: Prentice Hall of India.

Khos. S.C. The Roots of Social Work. New York: Associates Press.

Skidmore, R.A. Thakery, M.G. (1964). Introduction to Social Work, New York.

A.T. Morales and B.W. Sheafor. (1992). Social Work –A Profession of many faces and Bacon, Singapore.

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
112103	Paper-II	Needs and Social Problems of Bangladesh	100	4

- 1. **Needs:** Meaning, Nature, Physical, Social, Psychological, Economic and Cultural Needs, Needs of Children, Youths, Women and Older Persons.
- 2. **Basic Human Needs:** Food, Clothing, Education, Health and Recreation, Problems of meeting Basic Needs, Problems evolved due to Unmet Basic Needs.
- 3. Problems Related to Children, Youths, Women and Older Persons in Bangladesh.
- 4. **Social Problems:** Definition, Characteristics, and Causes of Social Problems, Social Problems in Bangladesh Population Explosion, Poverty, Illiteracy, Unemployment, Beggary, Malnutrition, Crime and Delinquency, Youth Unrest, Ageing, Drug Addiction, Role of Social Worker to Combat Social Problems.
- 5. **Industrial Revolution:** a) Definition and Characteristics, Impact of Industrial Revolution on Human Life, Industrial Revolution and Social Welfare; Contributions of Industrial Revolution to the Growth and Development of Social Welfare. b) Industrialization and Urbanization: Definition and Characteristics of Industrialization. Impact of Industrialization on Socioeconomic life. Definition and Characteristics of Urbanization, Problems related to Industrialization and Urbanization.
- 6. **Social Development:** Meaning, Characteristics and Indicators of Social Development. Differences between Social and Economic Development. Significance of Social Development.

- 7. **Individual and Society:** Relationship between Individual and Society.
 - a) Individualism: Definition and Characteristics, Strengths and Weaknesses.
 - b) Socialism: Definition, Characteristics, Strengths and Weaknesses,
- 8. Democracy, neo-liberal democracy and globalization. The Needs and Problems that are emerging in our society due to the process of globalization.

তালুকদার, মোঃ আবদুল হক। (২০০০)। *ডিগ্রি সমাজকল্যাণ পরিচিতি*। ঢাকা: আইডিয়াল লাইব্রেরি। মিয়া, আবদুল হালিম। (২০০০)। *স্লাতক সমাজকল্যাণ*। ঢাকা: হাসান বুক হাউজ। সামাদ. আবদুস। (১৯৯৮)। *আধনিক সমাজকল্যাণ*। ঢাকা: পথিঘর।

Merton, R.K. and Nisbet, R.A. (1968). *Contemporary Social Problems*. New York: Holt Richart and Coinston.

Sharma, Rajendra K. (1988). *Social Problems and Welfare*. New Dehli: Allants Publications.

Zastrow, Charles. (1996). Social Problems Issues and Solutions. Chicago: Wetson Hall.

Second Year

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
122101	Paper-III	Social Policy, Planning and Social Welfare	100	4
		Services in Bangladesh		

- 1. **Social Policy:** Meaning and Goals of Social Policy, Factors Influencing in Social Policy Formulation Process, Principles of Social Policy
- 2. **Different Social Policies in Bangladesh:** Education Policy, Health Policy, Population Policy, Child Welfare Policy, Youth Development Policy, Women Development Policy.
- 3. **Plan and Planning:** Meanings, Types, Classification, Pre-requisites of Effective Planning.
- 4. Programme Planning in Bangladesh, Social Welfare Programme Planning in Bangladesh. (5th Five Year Plan and 6th Five Year Plan) Problems in Plan Formulation in Bangladesh.
- 5. Government Social Services in Bangladesh:
 - a) **Programmes under Social Service Department:** Urban Social Servicess (USS), Rural Social Service (RSS), Child Welfare, Correctional Services, Hospital Social Services, Training and Rehabilitation Programmes for the Handicapped and other Services.
 - b) **Social Services Outside Social Services Department:** BRDB, Labour Welfare, Family Planning, Youth Welfare, Co-operative and Women Welfare.
- 6. Activities of Voluntary Social Welfare Agencies in Bangladesh: History, Development, Present Situation and Problems, Role of Voluntary Agencies in the Field of Social Welfare in Bangladesh. Some Voluntary Agencies of Bangladesh-Bangladesh Child Welfare Council, Diabetic Association of Bangladesh, Bangladesh Red-Crescent Society, ASA, Proskika, BRAC, Dhaka Ahsania Mission, Shishu Adhikar Forum, Probin Hitoishi Shangha and National Council of Social Welfare.
- 7. International Cooperation of Social Welfare in Bangladesh. (International Nongovernment Organization) INGOS.
 - a) UN Cooperation-ILO, FAO, WHO, UNESCO, UNICEF, UNFPA and UNDP.
 - b) Cooperation through International Voluntary Agencies CARE, World Vision, Red Cross/Red-Crescent Society.

- 8. Administration and Coordination System of Department of Social Services:
 - a) Administrative System of Social Welfare Programmes in Bangladesh, Administrative Structure of the Department of Social Services.
 - b) Coordination: Definition, Co-ordination of Social Welfare Programmes in Bangladesh, Problems of Coordination of Social Welfare Programmes in Bangladesh.
- 9. **Social Security:** Definition, Types and Importance. Evolution of the Concept of Social Security, Social Security Programmes in Bangladesh.

Dahiya, S. Bhagman, (ed.). (1982). *Development Planning Models*. New Delhi: Inter-India Publication.

Jansson, Brauce S. (1994). Social Policy from Theory to Practice-Comparative

Analysis. London: Publishing Company.

Livingstone, Arthur. (1996). Social Policy in Developing Countries. London: Kegan Paul.

Sharma P.N. and Shastri, C. (1981). Social Planning Concepts and Techniques. Lucknow: Print House

Titmuss Richard, M. (1990). Social Policy: An Introducation, London: Urwin Otyman.

ইসলাম, আ,স,ম, নুর=ল রহমান, হাবিবুর । (১৯৯৮)। সমাজকল্যাণ নীতি ও কর্মসূচী। ঢাকা: বাংলা একাডেমী।

মিয়া, আবদুল হালিম। (২০০০)। স্লাতক সমাজকল্যাণ। ঢাকা: হাসান বুক হাউজ।

সামাদ, মোঃ আবদুস। (১৯৯৮)। আধুনিক সমাজকল্যাণ। ঢাকা: পুথিঘর।

Chowdhury, D.Paul. (1981). A Handbook of Social Welfare. New Delhi: Ram and Sons.

Marshall, T.H. (1970). Social Polic. London: Hatchinson University.

Mishro, Ramesh. (1981). Society and Social Policy. Heinemen Education Book.

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
122103	Paper-IV	Methods of Social Work	100	4

- 1. **Basic and Auxiliary Methods of Social Work:** Generic Principles of Social Work, Interrelatedness of Basic and Auxiliary Methods, Integration of Social Work Methods.
- 2. **Social Case Work:** Definition, Elements, Objectives and Characteristics, Steps of Social Case work, Basic Principles of Case Work, Social Case Work as a Problem Solving process, Scope of Social Case Work in Bangladesh, Role and Functions of Case Worker, Fields of social case work practices
- 3. **Social Group Work:** Definition, Elements, principles and Objectives of Social Group Work, Group dynamics, Role of Group Worker. Group Process and Group Work Process, Role and Functions of Social Group Worker, Fields of group work practices in Bangladesh.
- 4. Community Social Work (Community Development and Community Organization):
 Definition, Aims, Elements, Principles and Steps of Community Development and
 Community Organization, Role of Community Organization, Differences between
 Community Development and Community Organization, Scope of Community
 Development and Community Organization in Bangladesh.
- 5. **Social Welfare Administration:** Definition, Aims, Importance and Characteristics, Principles and Functions of Social Welfare Administration.
- 6. **Social Action:** Definition, Aims, Steps and Necessity. Application of social Action in different fields in Bangladesh.

7. **Social Work Research:** Definition, aims, objectives, Types of Social Research, Steps in Social Research, Methods of Data collection: Interviewing, Questionnaire, observation, Home visit, Group Discussion.

Books Recommended:

ইসলাম , আ ,স ,ম , নুর^eল ও রহমান , হাবিবুর। (১৯৯৮)। সমাজকল্যাণ নীতি ও কর্মসূচী। ঢাকা: বাংলা একাডেমী। রহমান , এ ,এস ,এম আতীকুর ও সৈয়দ শওকতুজ্জামান। (২০০২)। সমাজ গবেষণা পদ্ধতি। ঢাকা: নিউ এইজ।

Friedlander, W.A. (1997). Concepts and Methods of Social Work. New York: Prentice Hall Inc.

Hussain, N. Alauddin, M. *Introduction to Social Work Methods*. Dhaka: College of Social Welfare and Research.

Ross, Murry, G. (1955). *Community Organization: Theory and Principles*. NewYork: Brokers.

Third Year

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
132101	Paper-V	Social Research and Statistics	100	4

A: Social Research

- 1. Social Research: Meaning, Characteristics, Use and Importance. Research as a Scientific Method. Elements of Scientific Method Fact, Concept, Variables, Assumption, Hypothesis and Theory.
- 2. Types of Social Research: Basic or Fundamental and Applied or Operational Research, Action Research, Exploratory, Explanatory Social Work Research.
- 3. Methods of Social Research: i) Pre Experimental Research Survey, Case Study, Content Analysis. Ethnography, ii) Experimental Research.
- 4. Steps in Social Research: (i) Identification of Problem, (ii) Review of Literature, (iii) Formulation of Hypothesis (i) Research Design (v) Techniques of Data Collection, (vi) Processing and Analysis of Data, (vii) Report Writing (Presentation of Findings)
- 5. Limitation and Problems in Social Research in Bangladesh, Values in Relation to Social Research, Utility of Social Research in Social Work.

B: Statistic

- 1. Introduction: Definition, Characteristics, Functions, Scope and Importance of Statistics, Importance and uses of Statistics in Social Research and Social Work Research, Limitations of Statistics.
- 2. Presentation of Data: Classification, Tabulation, Frequency Distribution, Presentation of Data on Graphs and Diagram Percentage, Rate and Ratio.
- 3. Measures of Central Tendency: Necessity and Importance of Central Tendency, Arithmetic Mean, Geometric Mean, Harmonic Mean, Median and Mode their Computation and Application in Social Research.

- 4. Measures of Dispersion: Necessity and Importance of Dispersion. (i) Absolute Measures of Dispersion (Range, Quartile Deviation, Mean Deviation, Standard Deviation, Variance), (ii) Relative Measures of Dispersion (Co-efficient of Range, Co-efficient of Quartile Deviation, Co-efficient of Mean Deviation, Co-efficient of Variance), Computation and Properties, Moments, Skewness and Kurtosis.
- 5. Correlation and Regression Analysis: Simple Correlation, Co-efficient of Correlation, Types of Correlation, Scatter Diagram, Rank.

বেগম, নাজমির নূর। (১৯৮১)। সামাজিক গবেষণা পরিচিতি। ঢাকা: নলেজ ভিউ।

Admas, G.R. & Schvaneveldt, Jay D. (1985). *Understanding Research Methods*. New York: Longman.

Bailey, Kenneth, D. (1982). Methods of Social Research, (2nd ed.). New York: Free Press.

Blalock A.B. & Blalock M.M. (1982). *Introduction to Social Research*, (2nd ed.). New Jersey: Prentice Hall, Englewood Cliffs.

Ghose. B. N. (ed.). (1986). Sceientific Methods and Social Research. New Delhi: Staring Publishers.

Gupta, Santoah. (2003). Research Methodology and Statistical Techniques, Delhi: Deep and Deep.

Gupta, S.P. and Gupta, M. P. (1990). *Business Statistics*. New Delhi: Sultan Chand and Sons.

Mostafa, M. G. (1972). Methods of Statistics. Dhaka: Anwari Publication.

Paper Code	Paper	Paper Title	Marks	Credits
132103	Paper-VI	Field Work Education	100	4

- 1. Field Work: Meaning, Objectives, Types and Scope, Historical background, Problems and Prospects of Field work in Bangladesh.
- 2. Field Practice in Social Work: Criteria of field placement, Concurrent field work, Block Placement, Supervision, Nature of Students Performance.
- 3. Field Work Practice in Different Settings: Field work Practices in NGOs and Government Program Medical and Non Medical, Psychiatric, Correctional and Community Settings.
- 4. Code of Ethics in Field Work Practice, Ethical Objectives and Principles, Different Ethical Standard and Responsibilities of Social Workers to the Clients, Colleagues, Settings, Legal and Ethical Concern of Field Work With Special Reference to Bangladesh.
- 5. Procedures of Field Work Practice, Placement, Formulation of Assignment, Case Management, Preparing Case Study, Supervising and Monitoring Daily Work, Process Recording and Report Writing.

Raj, Bhanti. (1986). Field Work in Social Work Perspectives. Dhaka: Himashw Publications.

Rogers, Gayla (Ed). (1995). *Social Work Field Education: View and Visions*. Dubuque Iowa: Kendall/Hunt Pub.

Royse, David.Dhooper, Suriit Singh. and Rompf, Elizabeth Lewis. (2010). *Field Instruction: A Guide for Social Work Students*, (6th ed.). Boston: Allyn & Bacon.